## Attachment G

PROPOSED COUNT 4	CLAIM 7 OF '484 PATENT
A method for varying a contraction force of	A method for reducing the contraction force of
muscle	a muscle, comprising
comprising creating a non-excitatory electric	creating a non-excitatory electric potential
potential between at least two points located in	between at least two points located in the
the vicinity of the muscle, and	vicinity of the muscle, and
controlling one or more of the parameters	controlling one or more of the parameters
consisting of start time, duration, magnitude	consisting of start time, duration, magnitude
and polarity of the non-excitatory electric	and polarity of the non-excitatory electric
potential created between said at least two	potential created between said at least two
points.	points.

PROPOSED COUNT 4	CLAIM 15 OF '484 PATENT
A method for varying a contraction force of	A method for performing heart surgery,
muscle	comprising
comprising creating a non-excitatory electric	reducing the contraction force of a treated area
potential between at least two points located in	of the cardiac muscle, by creating a non-
the vicinity of the muscle, and	excitatory electric potential between at least
	two points located in the vicinity of the muscle,
	and
controlling one or more of the parameters consisting of start time, duration, magnitude and polarity of the non-excitatory electric potential created between said at least two points.	controlling one or more of the parameters consisting of start time, duration, magnitude and polarity of the non-excitatory electric potential created between said at least two points, thereby to obtain the desired reduction in muscle contraction at the treated heart area and
	thereafter performing surgery thereon.

PROPOSED COUNT 4	CLAIM 19 OF '484 PATENT
A method for varying a contraction force of muscle	A method for promoting the healing of the cardiac muscle after myocardial infarct, comprising
comprising creating a non-excitatory electric potential between at least two points located in the vicinity of the muscle, and	creating a non-excitatory electric potential between at least two points located in the vicinity of the muscle, and
controlling one or more of the parameters consisting of start time, duration, magnitude and polarity of the non-excitatory electric	controlling one or more of the parameters consisting of start time, duration, magnitude and polarity of the non-excitatory electric

PROPOSED COUNT 4	CLAIM 19 OF '484 PATENT
potential created between said at least two	potential created between said at least two
points.	points, said electric potential being of an
	intensity and polarity suitable to obtain the
	desired reduction in muscle contraction at the
	affected heart area.

PROPOSED COUNT 4	CLAIM 22 OF '484 PATENT
A method for varying a contraction force of	A method for selectively and reversibly
muscle	reducing the oxygen consumption of an area of
	a muscle, comprising
comprising creating a non-excitatory electric	creating a non-excitatory electric potential
potential between at least two points located in	between at least two points located in the
the vicinity of the muscle, and	vicinity of the muscle, and
controlling one or more of the parameters	controlling one or more of the parameters
consisting of start time, duration, magnitude	consisting of start time, duration, magnitude
and polarity of the non-excitatory electric	and polarity of said non-excitatory electric
potential created between said at least two	potential, said electric potential being of an
points.	intensity and polarity suitable to obtain the
	desired reduction in oxygen consumption at the
	affected heart area.

PROPOSED COUNT 4	CLAIM 23 OF '484 PATENT
A method for varying a contraction force of	A method for treating congenital or acquired
muscle	hypertrophic cardiomyopathy, comprising
comprising creating a non-excitatory electric	reducing the contraction force of the heart
potential between at least two points located in	muscle by creating a non-excitatory electric
the vicinity of the muscle, and	potential between at least two points located in
	the vicinity of the muscle, and
controlling one or more of the parameters	controlling one or more of the parameters
consisting of start time, duration, magnitude	consisting of start time, duration, magnitude
and polarity of the non-excitatory electric	and polarity of the non-excitatory electric
potential created between said at least two	potential created between said at least two
points.	points, said electric potential being of an
	intensity and polarity suitable to obtain the
	desired reduction in muscle contraction.

PROPOSED COUNT 4	CLAIM 25 OF '484 PATENT
A method for varying a contraction force of	A method for performing cardiac ablation,
muscle	comprising
comprising creating a non-excitatory electric	reducing the contraction force of the area of the

PROPOSED COUNT 4	CLAIM 25 OF '484 PATENT
potential between at least two points located in the vicinity of the muscle, and	cardiac muscle to be ablated, by creating a non-excitatory electric potential between at least two points located in the vicinity of the muscle, and
controlling one or more of the parameters consisting of start time, duration, magnitude and polarity of the non-excitatory electric potential created between said at least two points.	controlling one or more of the parameters consisting of start time, duration, magnitude and polarity of the non-excitatory electric potential created between said at least two points, thereby to obtain the desired reduction in muscle contraction at the heart area to be ablated, and
	thereafter performing the ablation thereon.

PROPOSED COUNT 4	CLAIM 23 OF '476 PATENT
A method for varying a contraction force of	A method of treating an abnormal activation of
muscle	the heart, particularly fibrillation, comprising
comprising creating a non-excitatory electric potential between at least two points located in the vicinity of the muscle, and	applying to the Right Ventriculum of said heart a non-excitatory electric field
controlling one or more of the parameters consisting of start time, duration, magnitude and polarity of the non-excitatory electric potential created between said at least two points.	of a magnitude, shape and duration suitable to treat the abnormal activation condition, wherein said field is unable to generate a propagating action potential.

PROPOSED COUNT 4	CLAIM 27 OF '631 PATENT
A method for varying a contraction force of	A method of treating an abnormal activation of
muscle	the heart, particularly fibrillation, comprising
comprising creating a non-excitatory electric	applying to said heart or to a portion thereof a
potential between at least two points located in	non-excitatory electric field
the vicinity of the muscle, and	
controlling one or more of the parameters	of a magnitude, shape and duration suitable to
consisting of start time, duration, magnitude	treat the abnormal activation condition,
and polarity of the non-excitatory electric	wherein said field is unable to generate a
potential created between said at least two	propagating action potential.
points.	

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PROPOSED COUNT 4	CLAIM 7 OF '484 PATENT
A method for varying a contraction force of	A method for reducing the contraction force of
muscle	a muscle, comprising
comprising creating a non-excitatory electric	creating a non-excitatory electric potential
potential between at least two points located in	between at least two points located in the
the vicinity of the muscle, and	vicinity of the muscle, and
controlling one or more of the parameters	controlling one or more of the parameters
consisting of start time, duration, magnitude	consisting of start time, duration, magnitude
and polarity of the non-excitatory electric	and polarity of the non-excitatory electric
potential created between said at least two	potential created between said at least two
points.	points.

PROPOSED COUNT 4	CLAIM 15 OF '484 PATENT
A method for varying a contraction force of	A method for performing heart surgery,
muscle	comprising
comprising creating a non-excitatory electric	reducing the contraction force of a treated area
potential between at least two points located in	of the cardiac muscle, by creating a non-
the vicinity of the muscle, and	excitatory electric potential between at least
	two points located in the vicinity of the muscle,
	and
controlling one or more of the parameters	controlling one or more of the parameters
consisting of start time, duration, magnitude	consisting of start time, duration, magnitude
and polarity of the non-excitatory electric	and polarity of the non-excitatory electric
potential created between said at least two	potential created between said at least two
points.	points, thereby to obtain the desired reduction
	in muscle contraction at the treated heart area
	and
	thereafter performing surgery thereon.

PROPOSED COUNT 4	CLAIM 19 OF '484 PATENT
A method for varying a contraction force of muscle	A method for promoting the healing of the cardiac muscle after myocardial infarct, comprising
comprising creating a non-excitatory electric potential between at least two points located in the vicinity of the muscle, and	creating a non-excitatory electric potential between at least two points located in the vicinity of the muscle, and
controlling one or more of the parameters consisting of start time, duration, magnitude and polarity of the non-excitatory electric	controlling one or more of the parameters consisting of start time, duration, magnitude and polarity of the non-excitatory electric

PROPOSED COUNT 4	CLAIM 19 OF '484 PATENT
potential created between said at least two	potential created between said at least two
points.	points, said electric potential being of an
	intensity and polarity suitable to obtain the
	desired reduction in muscle contraction at the
	affected heart area.

PROPOSED COUNT 4	CLAIM 22 OF '484 PATENT
A method for varying a contraction force of	A method for selectively and reversibly
muscle	reducing the oxygen consumption of an area of
	a muscle, comprising
comprising creating a non-excitatory electric	creating a non-excitatory electric potential
potential between at least two points located in	between at least two points located in the
the vicinity of the muscle, and	vicinity of the muscle, and
controlling one or more of the parameters	controlling one or more of the parameters
consisting of start time, duration, magnitude	consisting of start time, duration, magnitude
and polarity of the non-excitatory electric	and polarity of said non-excitatory electric
potential created between said at least two	potential, said electric potential being of an
points.	intensity and polarity suitable to obtain the
	desired reduction in oxygen consumption at the
	affected heart area.

PROPOSED COUNT 4	CLAIM 23 OF '484 PATENT
A method for varying a contraction force of	A method for treating congenital or acquired
muscle	hypertrophic cardiomyopathy, comprising
comprising creating a non-excitatory electric	reducing the contraction force of the heart
potential between at least two points located in	muscle by creating a non-excitatory electric
the vicinity of the muscle, and	potential between at least two points located in
	the vicinity of the muscle, and
controlling one or more of the parameters	controlling one or more of the parameters
consisting of start time, duration, magnitude	consisting of start time, duration, magnitude
and polarity of the non-excitatory electric	and polarity of the non-excitatory electric
potential created between said at least two	potential created between said at least two
points.	points, said electric potential being of an
	intensity and polarity suitable to obtain the
	desired reduction in muscle contraction.

PROPOSED COUNT 4	CLAIM 25 OF '484 PATENT
A method for varying a contraction force of	A method for performing cardiac ablation,
muscle	comprising
comprising creating a non-excitatory electric	reducing the contraction force of the area of the

PROPOSED COUNT 4	CLAIM 25 OF '484 PATENT
potential between at least two points located in the vicinity of the muscle, and	cardiac muscle to be ablated, by creating a non-excitatory electric potential between at least two points located in the vicinity of the muscle, and
controlling one or more of the parameters consisting of start time, duration, magnitude and polarity of the non-excitatory electric potential created between said at least two points.	controlling one or more of the parameters consisting of start time, duration, magnitude and polarity of the non-excitatory electric potential created between said at least two points, thereby to obtain the desired reduction in muscle contraction at the heart area to be ablated, and
	thereafter performing the ablation thereon.

PROPOSED COUNT 4	CLAIM 23 OF '476 PATENT
A method for varying a contraction force of	A method of treating an abnormal activation of
muscle	the heart, particularly fibrillation, comprising
comprising creating a non-excitatory electric potential between at least two points located in the vicinity of the muscle, and	applying to the Right Ventriculum of said heart a non-excitatory electric field
controlling one or more of the parameters consisting of start time, duration, magnitude and polarity of the non-excitatory electric potential created between said at least two points.	of a magnitude, shape and duration suitable to treat the abnormal activation condition, wherein said field is unable to generate a propagating action potential.

PROPOSED COUNT 4	CLAIM 27 OF '631 PATENT
A method for varying a contraction force of	A method of treating an abnormal activation of
muscle	the heart, particularly fibrillation, comprising
comprising creating a non-excitatory electric potential between at least two points located in the vicinity of the muscle, and	applying to said heart or to a portion thereof a non-excitatory electric field
controlling one or more of the parameters consisting of start time, duration, magnitude and polarity of the non-excitatory electric potential created between said at least two points.	of a magnitude, shape and duration suitable to treat the abnormal activation condition, wherein said field is unable to generate a propagating action potential.